

**Video question script: Slinky simulation**

Question/Activity	Likely response	Rationale
We're using slinky springs here to find out how shock waves travel using the 'Slinky seismic wave demo' Earthlearningidea		Introduction to seismic waves
<p>Explain that when faults break suddenly, they cause earthquakes which are shock waves or seismic waves radiating from the earthquake site.</p> <p>Explain that we are going to simulate this using a slinky spring</p>		Concrete preparation: initial explanations
<p>Ask someone to hold the slinky vertically, then show how sudden movement of a fault produces shock waves which radiate outwards and can reach the surface – pull the bottom of the spring out to the side and also downwards and then release it suddenly to do this</p>		
<p>Explain that you actually generated two different sorts of shock waves:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• by pulling it downwards and releasing, compressional or P-waves were produced</li> <li>• by pulling it out to the side and releasing, transverse shake or S-waves were produced</li> </ul> <p>So the same earthquake produced both sorts of waves</p>		Concrete preparation: further understanding of seismic waves
<p>Demonstrate P-wave movement – pulling downwards and releasing</p>		
<p>Demonstrate S-wave movement – pulling out to the side and releasing</p>		
<p>Then hook the vertical slinky onto the centre of another slinky held horizontally between two other people and ask what they will expect will happen when you generate a shock wave in the vertical slinky</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• when it reaches the 'surface slinky', that will move up and down</li> </ul>	Cognitive conflict: what will happen?
<p>Pull the bottom of the vertical slinky down and out again and release to demonstrate how P- and S-waves cause surface waves</p>		
<p>Note that it is the surface waves which are most damaging</p>		Bridging: relating the slinky movement to the effects of real seismic waves